

# More than batteries included: NeuroDebian

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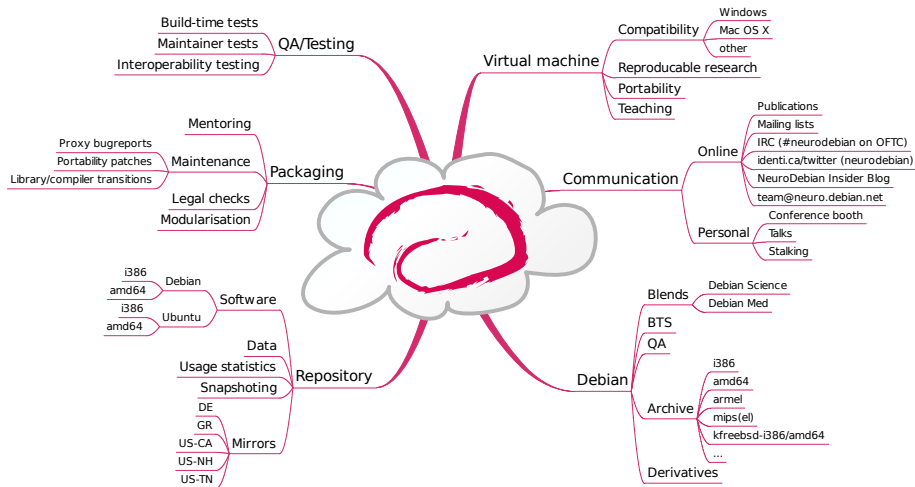
EuroScipy 2011, Python in Neuroscience satellite, Paris

Who has heard of NeuroDebian before?

Who is using Debian, Ubuntu or some other derived operating system?

Who is a developer?

# What is **NeuroDebian**?



# Research platform: Issues

## Problem

- Complex heterogeneous analysis software suites
- Complicated, non-standard, or non-existing installation and update procedures (mostly, but not limited to non-Python)
- Limited, non-uniform set of “supported platforms”
- Typical users have little technical background

# Research platform: **NeuroDebian**

## Problem

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## Solution

- Integrate **all** relevant software in a common environment
  - Make manual maintenance tasks trivial, or superfluous
- Bring everything into **Debian**



<http://neuro.debian.net>

# What does that mean?

```
sudo apt-get install python-nipype python-nipy fsl afni
```

## OPINION ARTICLE

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## Neuroscience runs on GNU/Linux

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In response to a recent grant application for a software development project, we received some reviewer comments that questioned the prevalence of GNU/Linux systems as a computing platform in neuroscience. Moreover, a concern was raised that virtualization is not a feasible solution to overcome limitations of any particular platform or to provide a convenient multiplatform working environment. We were surprised by these comments, because they are in contrast to what we experience daily while working with software developers worldwide to integrate neuroscience software into the NeuroDebian project.

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# Why **debian** for Python in Neuroscience?

## Most versatile, most comprehensive Python distribution?

```
% apt-cache dump|grep '^Package: python-'|cut -d'-' -f2,2|sort|uniq|wc -l  
1137
```

## From the release notes Debian 6.0 (squeeze)

Debian GNU/Linux 6.0 is the first GNU/Linux distribution release ever to offer comprehensive support for magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) based neuroimaging research.

## People that get things done

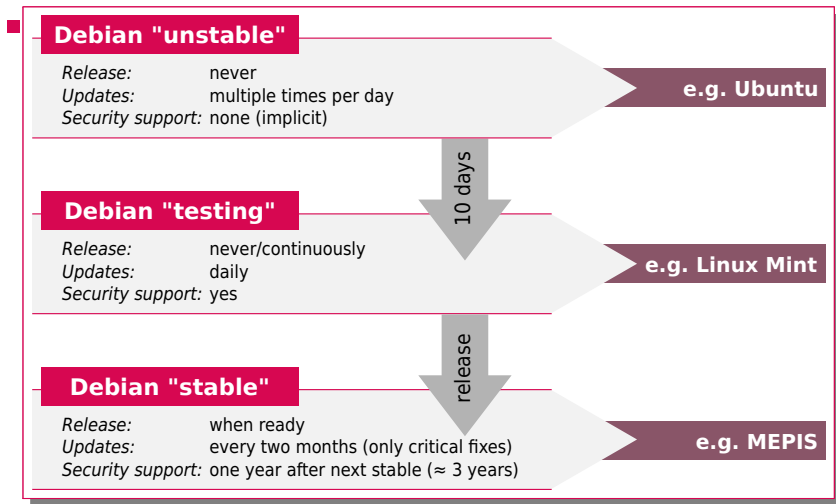
- “Do-ocracy” instead of steering (commercial) entity
- Python modules/apps teams, Debian Science, Debian Med, ...
- Vast archive of maintained software ( $\approx 30000$  binary packages)
- Origin of most active GNU/Linux distributions (63%; distrowatch.org)



# How does software benefit from Debian?

- Extended reach
  - one stable release, two rolling “release” flavors
  - $\approx 130$  derivative distributions ([distrowatch.org](http://distrowatch.org))

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# How does software benefit from Debian?

- Extended reach
  - one stable release, two rolling “release” flavors
  - $\approx$ 130 derivative distributions ([distrowatch.org](http://distrowatch.org))
- Mutual awareness
  - Explicitly documented dependencies
  - Synchronized transitions
- Less maintenance work through modularity
  - 3rd-party software in dedicated packages maintained by someone else
- Continuous integration testing
  - 13 hardware architectures
  - Three kernels
  - Continuous automated testing for
    - Build success
    - Clean installation/de-installation, Availability of dependencies
    - Policy compliance
    - Package conflicts

# But I only care about Ubuntu!

## No, you don't!

- Most software we care about comes (almost) 1:1 from Debian (SciPy, VTK, ITK, ...)
- No LTS for neuroscience (NumPy only since 10.04)

## Go Debian!

- Developers: Get it right in Debian, have it work in Debian/Ubuntu/Mint/aptosid/Mepis/... (at no additional cost)
- Users: Stable release with 3-4 years support for all software
- Scientists: Want your research tool to be found and used? Include it in the largest software archive in the world.

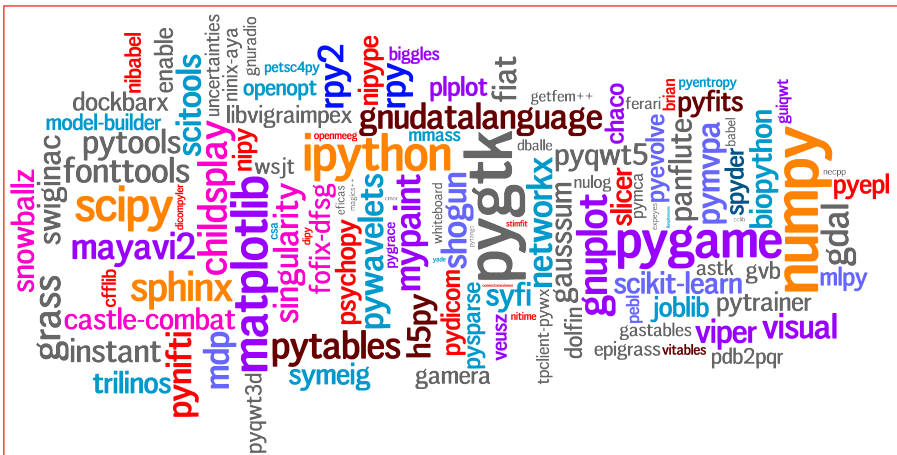
# Stop the blurb: What do you have?

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freenect **fsl** fslview gdf gifti haxby2001 itksnap  
jst joblib kbibtex klustakwik libsvm lipsia matlab-support  
mdp medcon minc mipav mitools mlpy mni-autoreg-model mni-colin  
mni-icbm152-nlin mpi4py mriconvert **mricon** mrtrix  
nibabel **nifti** nipy nitime odin openelectrophy  
openmeeg openopt **openpyxl** opensesame psignifit psychofun  
**psychopy** psychtoolbox pydicom pyepl **pymvpa**  
pynn pyoptical pyxid r-cran-glmnet rorden-mri-tutorial  
**scikits-learn** scikits-statsmodels shogun sigviewer slicer  
**spm** statsmodels stimfit svgtune sympy via volpack **voxbo** xmedcon

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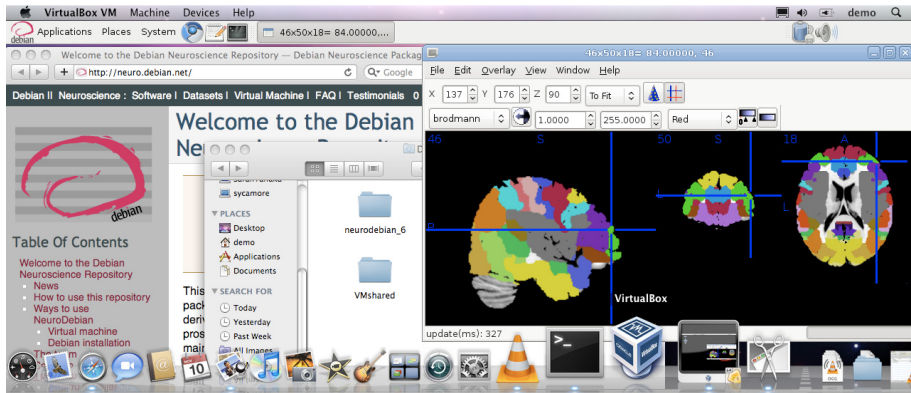
<http://tagcrowd.com>

## And more . . .



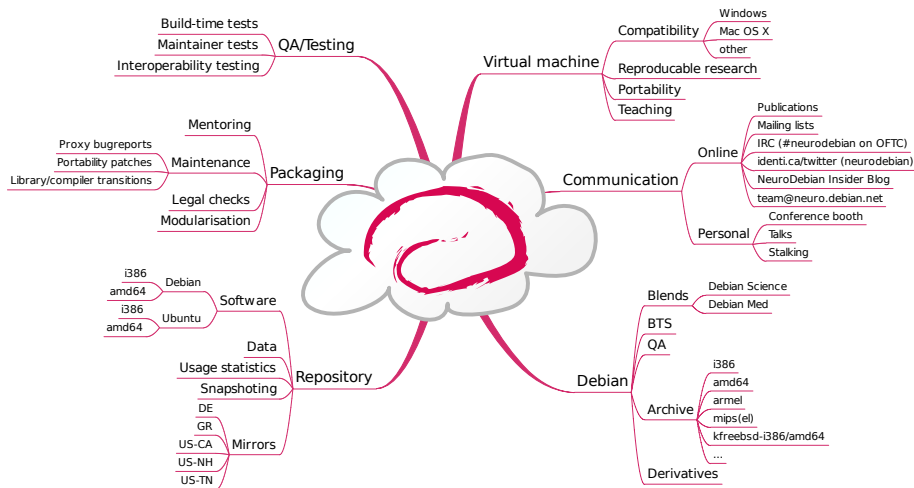
# But, but my true love is a fruit and I'm married to monster!

- NeuroDebian virtual machine (32/64bit, multi-core)
- Most convenient solution for Mac OS X, Windows
- Base image with setup wizzard, fully functional within minutes
- Great for teaching, workshops, development, analysis



<http://neuro.debian.net/vm.html>

# What is **NeuroDebian**?





# For whom is **NeuroDebian**?

You want to . . .

- have **readily usable** software at your fingertips
- have the **latest developments** of research software
- use a **rock-solid** operating system
- **try something new**, without investing much time
- offer **students** a fully functional “take-away” research environment
- **escape limitations** of an institutional computing environment
- **waste less time** maintaining computers
- have **your own software** easily available for other's to use
- **develop neuroscience software** without worrying about dependencies
- **efficiently collaborate** with other researchers
- **help** make NeuroDebian more robust, and/or **built on top** of it

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<http://neuro.debian.net>

# Get involved!

- Find and evaluate software
- Report bugs, send patches
- Support: Mailing list, IRC (<http://neuro.debian.net/#contacts>)
- Post on the NeuroDebian blog
- Help (co-)maintain a package
- Package your own software
- Send us tests
- Spread the word

## WE NEED HELP!

# Acknowledgements

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Debian Community

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Stefan Pollmann

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